# CHAPTER XXVIII.

## REPATRIATION.

# § 1. General.

An outline of the activities leading up to the formation of the Commonwealth Repatriation Commission was given in Official Year Book No. 15, p. 931, also in the Official Year Book referred to, and in subsequent issues, some account was given of the policy and general activities of the Department, while detailed information was incorporated in regard to such matters as sustenance rates and pensions to members of the Forces and dependants. (See Official Year Book No. 17, pp. 598-601.) In 1943 the Australian Soldiers' Repatriation Act was amended by the incorporation of the recommendations of the Parliamentary Committee appointed to inquire into pensions and repatriation benefits. A general increase was made of approximately 20 per cent. in the rates of war pensions and increases were also made in other repatriation benefits.

Under the Australian Soldiers' Repatriation Act 1950, rates of pension and medical sustenance were increased, and pensions and benefits under the Act were extended to those members of the Forces (and their dependants) engaged in operations in Korea and Malava. Provision was also made for payment to a war widow, on re-marriage, of a gratuity equal to one year's war pension. In addition, an important amendment was a change in the basis of war pensioning. Previously, the basis was the daily rate of service pay, but under this legislation the rank, not the pay, of the service man or woman became This change was brought about as the result of the increased rates of pay of members of the Forces under the new pay code from 1st July, 1947, and the further increases since then. The constantly rising rates of pay made it evident that the basis of pensioning on the daily rate of pay would be unworkable; for example, the rates of pay of more or less senior officers of the 1914-18 War, and of the 1939-45 War discharged before 1st July, 1947, were less than the new rates of pay for present day lower ranks, with a consequent disparity in the rates of pension. To avoid this disparity, the daily rate of pay basis—which had been in operation since the original war pension legislation of 1914—was abandoned in favour of the basis of pensioning according to the rank of the member, the basis adopted by other countries.

Am indments to the Act in 1951-52, 1953-54 and 1954-55 made provision for general increases in the rate of certain types of war pension. Other payments were accordingly affected, and additional benefits were provided.

The main activities of the Repatriation Commission at 30th June, 1955 were confined to the grant, review and assessment of war and service pensions, the provision of medical treatment, vocational training, the renewal and repair of artificial replacements and surgical appliances, the grant and review of sustenance and living allowances, and the administration of the Soldiers' Children Education Scheme.

# § 2. War Pensions.

- 1. General.—The first provision for the payment of war pensions to members of the Forces and their dependants was made by the Commonwealth Parliament in the War Pensions Act 1914, which came into operation on 21st December. 1914. This Act was repealed in 1920 by the Australian Soldiers' Repatriation Act (amended from 31st December, 1950 to the Repatriation Act). Owing to limitations of space, only some of the main features relating to war pensions under the Repatriation Act 1920–1955 are shown in the following paragraphs:—
- (i) Eligibility for Pension. There has been a considerable widening of the provision in this respect, to the benefit, mainly, of members of the Citizen Military Forces who have not served outside Australia. These provisions are summarized as follows:—
  - (a) A member of the Forces who served (I) outside Australia, (2) in the Territories of Australia, such as Papua and New Guinea, or (3) within Australia in circumstances which can be regarded as actual combat against the enemy, is covered for war pension purposes in respect of incapacity or death which may result from any occurrence that happened during the period from the date of his enlistment to the date of the termination of his service in respect of that enlistment.
  - (b) In other cases where a member served only in Australia, incapacity or death to be pensionable must have been attributable to service.
  - (c) There is a third ground applicable to all in (a) and (b) who have had at least six months' camp service. This provides that, where a condition preexisted enlistment, a pension may accrue if it is considered that such condition was aggravated by service.
- (ii) Pensions for Incapacity. From 7th October, 1954 the 100 per cent. pension rate for a member's incapacity was increased from £8 5s. to £9 per fortnight (higher rates were payable in respect of certain commissioned ranks). The rates for wives and children of such members are £3 11s. and £1 7s. 6d. per fortnight respectively. From 20th October, 1955, the member's 100 per cent. incapacity rate was increased from £9 to £9 10s. per fortnight
- (iii) Supplementation of Pension. Where a member in receipt of a pension at the maximum rate is, because of his war disability, temporarily (for at least three months) precluded from earning, an additional pension may be granted to bring the total pension to the member up to £19 10s. per fortnight from 20th October, 1955.
- (iv) Women's Nursing and Auxiliary Services. Members of Women's Services are entitled to pensions and other benefits as prescribed in the Act on the same basis as male members of the Forces.
- (v) Tuberculosis. In the case of a member of the Forces who served in a theatre of war, and, at any time after discharge became or becomes incapacitated, or died or dies, from pulmonary tuberculosis, war pension is payable, and medical treatment is provided on application as if the incapacity or death resulted from an occurrence on service. (See also § 3. Service Pensions.)
- (vi) Special Rates. Those who have been totally blinded as the result of war service and those who are permanently totally incapacitated receive as from 5th November, 1953, special pensions of £18 10s. per fortnight. The rate for Tuberculars, Class "B" (fit for light employment) was increased from £12 to £13 per fortnight. The rates were further increased to £19 10s. and to £14 per fortnight respectively from 20th October, 1955. In addition to the special pension, an attendant's allowance of £3 10s. per fortnight is granted to the war-blinded and to certain others who are deemed to be in need of an attendant.

- A war-blinded member who is also affected with total loss of speech or total deafness was entitled from 2nd October, 1952 to an attendant's allowance of £7 per fortnight in lieu of that referred to above. Attendant's allowance rates were further increased from 20th October, 1955 to £5 10s. and to £9 per fortnight respectively. The wife and any children under 16 years of age receive the same rates as shown in sub-para. (ii).
- (vii) Specified Disabilities. Where the disability is amputation of a limb or limbs or total loss of vision in one eye, amounts ranging from 17s. to £10 per fortnight in addition to the statutory rate of pension are payable as from 20th October, 1955. In addition, allowances of either £5 10s. or £9 per fortnight are payable in certain double amputation cases.
- (viii) Time Limit for Wives and Children Removed. Prior to the 1950 amending Act, wives who were married and children who were born after 1st July, 1938 were ineligible to receive a war pension. This time limit was removed as from 2nd November, 1950.
- (ix) Rates of Pensions for Death. (a) Widows. As already indicated, rates of pension, which were previously based on the daily rate of pay of the member, are now based on the rank of the member. From 20th October, 1955 the rates were increased by £1 per fortnight, the minimum rate being increased from £8 to £9 per fortnight. In addition to the pension, the widow, if she has dependent children, receives an allowance if she is permanently unemployable, or if she is over 50 years of age; this allowance is £3 9s. per fortnight. The allowance may also be paid to a widow under 50 years of age, in oertain cases, so long as the child (or one of the children if more than one child) over the age of sixteen, is undergoing education or training but has not qualified for (or is not receiving) the adult wage in the trade, occupation or calling for which the child is training.
- (b) Children. From 2nd October, 1952, the rate of pension for the eldest child (under 16 years of age) was increased to £2 13s. per fortnight, and that of each younger child to £1 17s. Additional pension of 12s. per fortnight may be paid in certain circumstances. Where both parents are dead each child is pensioned at the rate of £4 16s. per fortnight.
- (x) Widowed Mother on Death of Member. A pension ranging from £4 10s. to £8 6s. per fortnight, according to the rank of the member, may be granted to a widowed mother of a deceased unmarried son, provided widowhood occurred either prior to or within three years after the death of the member. The pension may be supplemented by payment to a prescribed person, of an additional amount not exceeding £8 per fortnight according to the extent of other income of the pensioner; this operated from 20th October, 1955. The value of property possessed does not affect the issue.
- 2. Appeals Tribunals.—The principal Act was amended as from 1st June, 1929 to create tribunals to hear appeals in regard to war pensions. The War Pensions Entitlement Appeal Tribunal is empowered to hear and decide any appeal by or on behalf of ex-members of the Forces or their dependants against a decision of the Repatriation Commission that an incapacity or the death of an ex-member did not arise out of war service. Assessment Appeal Tribunals were created to hear and decide any appeal against a current assessment or a "Nil" assessment of war pension made by the Repatriation Commission in respect of an incapacity of an ex-member of the Forces which had been accepted as arising out of war service. Provision was made by subsequent legislation to enable the Tribunals to hear appeals by certain members for service pensions.
- 3. Summary of War Pensions, 1954-55.—At 30th June, 1955, the number of war pensions for the 1914-18 War was 138,641, for the 1939-45 War, 442,862, and for the Korea and Malaya Operations 2,034, making a total of 583,537 with a liability of £40,223,720 per annum. The amount paid in war and service pensions during the year 1954-55 was £44,516,287. The outstanding features for 1954-55 for each war were as follows.

WAR PENSIONS: SUMMARY, AUSTRALIA, 1954-55.

Particulars.	1914–18 War.	1939-45 War.	Korea and Malaya Operations.	Total.	
New claims granted		2,758	33,748	642	37,148
Restorations		541	1,495	i <sub>7</sub>	2,053
Claims rejected (gross)		2,031	18,380	507	20,918
Pensions reviewed		14,326	62,119	246	76,691
Pensions cancelled or discontinued		1,590	11,745	28	13,363
Deaths of pensioners		4,072	1,887	8	5,967
Number of pensions in force at	30th	' '	1		J
June, 1955	٠	138,641	442,862	2,034	583,537
Annual pension liability at 30th J	une,				0 0,00,
1955	£	17,673,142	22,424,840	125,738	40,223,720
Amount paid in pensions during the	year	1	" "	3.,0	
1954-55	£	(a)	(a)	(a)	b44,516,287

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available.

4. Classes of War Pensions, Australia, 1954-55.—(a) New Claims Granted. The following is an analysis of the total number of new claims granted during 1954-55:—

WAR PENSIONS: NEW CLAIMS GRANTED, AUSTRALIA, 1954-55.

(		1914–18 War.	1939-45 War.	Korea and Malaya Operations.	Total.	
Members		 	926	6,718	237	7,881
Wives of members		 	1,287	7,204	169	8,660
Children		 	466	19,435	221	20,122
Other dependants		 	79	391	15	485
Total		 	2,758	33,748	642	37,148

(b) Pensions in Force. The following table shows the number of pensions in force at 30th June, 1955 for each war and for each class of pensioner:—

WAR PENSIONS IN FORCE, AUSTRALIA, 30th JUNE, 1955.

			Numbe	r of Pensioner	s at 30th June,	1955.
Class.			1914-18 War.	1939-45 War.	Korea and Malaya Operations.	Total.
Orphan children—						
Children of deceased	members		671	9,219	79	9,969
Double orphans			44	161		205
War widows			18,294	9,942	56	28,292
Members			60,398	134,979	878	196,255
Children			4,992	172,177	524	177,693
Wives			51,566	109,553	424	161,543
Parents			2,390	6,636	66	9,092
Brothers and sisters			81	107	7	195
Others			205	88	'	293
Total			138,641	442,862	2,034	583,537

(c) Special Rate Pensions. At 30th June, 1955 special rate pensions of £18 10s. per fortnight were being paid to the following classes of members of the Forces:—

WAR PENSIONS: MEMBERS ON SPECIAL RATES, AUSTRALIA, 30th JUNE, 1955.

Class.	1914–18 War.	1939–15 War.	Korea and Malaya Operations.	Total.
Blinded members	208	192	2	402
Tubercular members	760	1,050	5	1,815
Totally and permanently incapacitated			_	
members	9,730	3,194	4	12,928
Tuberculars, Class "B" (a)	176	342	••	518

<sup>(</sup>a) Rate £13 per fortnight.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes payments in respect of service pensions.

5. Number of War Pensioners and Annual Liability, States, etc., 30th June, 1955.— The following table shows the number of pensions in force and annual liability for each war at 30th June, 1955 according to place of payment. (The amount paid is shown on page 1055).

WAR PENSIONS: NUMBER OF PENSIONERS AND ANNUAL LIABILITY, 30th JUNE, 1955

	: '				
	Number of V	Var Pensions i	n Force at 3cth	June, 1955.	
Where Paid.	Incapaci- tated Members of the Forces.	Dependants of Incapaci- tated Members.	Dependants of Deceased Members.	Total.	Annual Pension Liability (£.)
	1914	1-18 War.	<u>'</u>		<u>-</u>
New South Wales(a)	19,635	18,386	7,196	45,217	5,821,492
Victoria.	20,275	18,587	7,043	45,905	
Queensland		6,637	1,876		5,737,635
A	7,134			15,647	2,062,808
507 4 4 it'	4,444	4,353	1,722	10,519	1,456,587
	4,926	4,962	I,545	11,433	1,281,942
Tasmania	2,685	2,768	841	6,294	894,462
Total, Australia	59,099	55,693	20,223	135,015	17,254,926
London Office	1,086	1,185	883	3,154	366,110
Other Oversea Countries	213	167	92	472	52,106
	ļ	l			l
Total	60,398	57,045	21,198	138,641	17,673,142
	1939	9-45 WAR.			
New South Wales(a)	48,011	94,546	9,619	152,176	7,788,272
***	35,501	73,507	6,914	115,922	5,914,971
^ 1	17,806	39,294	3,293	60,393	
					3,132,308
South Australia(b)	14,823	33,854	2,267	50,944	2,470,732
Western Australia	12,965	27,272	2,261	42,498	1,993,988
Tasmania	5,393	13,164	793	19,350	1,001,833
Total, Australia	134,499	281,637	25,147	441,283	22,302,104
London Office	318	498	317	1,133	93,392
Other Oversea Countries	162	232	52	446	29,344
Total	134,979	282,367	25,516	442,862	22,424,840
Ko	REA AND M	LALAYA OPE	RATIONS.		!
New South Wales(a)	200	250	87	766	48,030
	329	350	41	526	
Victoria	235	250	28		27,985
Queensland	123	132	,	283	17,917
South Australia(b)	30	, OI	4	143	9,760
Western Australia	82	88	16	186	11,832
Tasmania	34	42	11	87	4,930
Total, Australia	861	943	187	1,991	120,454
London Office	11	2	16	29	3,852
Other Oversea Countries	6	4	4	14	1,432
Total	878	949	207	2,034	125,738

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Australian Capital Territory.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes Northern Territory.

6. Summary of War Pensions, 1930-31, 1938-39 and 1946-47 to 1954-55.—
(i) Australia. The following table shows, for each war, the number of pensions granted, claims rejected, pensions in force, and the annual liability for pensions in each of the years ended 30th June, 1947 to 1955, and the total annual liability for war pensions for each of the years ended 30th June, 1931, 1939 and 1947 to 1955:—

WAR PENSIONS: SUMMARY, AUSTRALIA.

				Number of	War Pension	ns in Force at	30th June.	Annuai
Year ended 30th June—		Pensions Granted.	Claims Rejected.	Incapaci- tated Members of the Forces	Dependants of Incapacitated Members.	Dependants of Deceased Members.	Total.	Pension Liability at 30th June (£.)
				1914-18	WAR.			
947		811	572	63,375	73,825	19,759	161,939	8,163,02
947 948		F,378	717	67,116	68,323	19,863	155,302	8,475,91
949.		1,902	768	66,264	63.937	20,137	150,338	9,654.01
950	••	2,547	1,201	65,622	60,141	20,509	146,272	10,103,75
951		8,567	1,480	64,889	62,918	20,709	148,516	13,271,14
952		4,090	1,386	63,800	61,775	20,684	146,259	14,447,98
953		3,090	1,136	62,703	60,000	20,793	143,496	15,674,37
954	••	3,063	1,559	61,634	58,390	20,980	141,004	16,574.41
955	•••	2,758	2,031	60,398	57,045	21,198	138,641	17,673,14
				1939-45	5 WAR-			
947		51,019	31,266	83,995	122,205	26,478	232,678	6,841,56
948		39,188	13,614	91,657	142,112	26,530	260,299	7,759,79
949		39,016	8,192	99,852	163,504	26.421	289,777	9.522,25
950	• •	44,392	7,312	108.922	189,413	26,649	324,984	10,638,01
<b>95</b> 18		39,866	8,387	115,942	211,735	26,434	354,111	14,483,43
952		36,259	8,864	120,889	231,068	26,232	378,189	15,862,47
953		33,944	8,034	125,366	248,483	25.885	399,734	18,502,67
954 955	•• :	33,370 33,748	13.733 18,380	129,926 134,979	265,552 282,367	25,773 25,516	421,251	20,211,27 22,424,84
	<u>.</u>	-	Korea	AND MAL	AYA OPERA	TIONS.		<u>!</u>
951		48	·	1 5	1	42	48	6,26
1952		312	153	159	109	99	367	30,87
953		399	241	326	274	144	744	53,51
954 1955		608 642	450 507	641 878	572 949	196 207	1,411 2,034	92.65
		<u>'                                    </u>	·	Ton	ral.	<u>' '</u>	•	,
1931		11,555	920	75,316	172,389	35,617	283,322	7,774,80
1931	::	6,794	7.541	77,151	144.571	27,571	249,293	7,681.09
947		51,830	31,838	152,370	196,030	46,237	394,637	15,004,59
1948	• •	40,566	11.331	158,773	210,435	46,393	415,601	16,235,70
1949	• •	40,918	8.960	166,116	227,441	46,558	440.115 471,256	19,176.26
950	• • •	46,939	8,513	174,544	249,554	47,158	4/1,250	20,741,70
		48,481	9.867	180,836	274,654	47.185	502,675	27,760,8
1951.		40,661	13,403	184.848	292,952	47,015	524,815	30,341,3
1952					308,757	46,822	543,974	34,230,5
1951. 1952 1953	• •	37,433	9 411	188,395			562.666	16 878 2
952		37,433 37,131 37,148	15.742	192.203		46,949 46,921	563,666 583,537	36,878,3

(ii) Amount Paid and Place of Payment. The following table shows for the years 1949-50 to 1954-55 the amounts paid in pensions and place where paid:—

## WAR PENSIONS: AMOUNT PAID.

(£.)										
Place of Payment.		1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-51-	1954-55			
New South Wales(a Victoria South Australia(b) Western Australia Tasmania Overseas	)	7,392,793 5,857,536 2,381,093 1,947,536 1,887,885 1,017,889 379,447	7,303,282 3,016,499 2,452,245 2,272,533 1,297,490	9,184,196 3,777,019 3,046,575 2,714,606 1,560,560	9,918,742 4,109,763 3,349,467 2,921,367 1,714,600	10,600,721 4,591,219 3,583,510 3,086,783 1,820,440	5,913,787 4,389,248 3,799,811 2,032,492			
Total		20,864,179	26,191,718	31,845,013	34,355,795	36,797,044	(c) 44,516,287			

(a) Includes Australian Capital Territory. amount paid in respect of Service pensions.

(b) Includes Northern Territory

(c) Includes

# § 3. Service Pensions.

1. General. The payment of service pensions is provided for in the Repatriation Act 1920-1955 and has operated since 1st January, 1936.

Originally fixed on a lower scale, the maximum rate of service pension for a member of the Forces now conforms to the rate of the age or invalid persion, which was increased from £7 to £8 per fortnight from 20th October, 1955. The maximum rate for the wife of a member is £3 tos. per fortnight; the rate for the first child under 16 years of age is 23s. per fortnight and 5s. per fortnight is payable for each of the younger children up to three in number. The actual rate payable in any case is determined after taking into consideration all other income, "except income derived from property" and property (apart from the home and certain other exemptions) owned by the pensioner, and no service pension can be paid where the other income and/or property exceeds certain specified limits. From 7th October, 1954 the "allowed income" was £364 per annum for a single man and £728 per annum in the case of a member and wife. The amounts were raised to £390 and £780 operative from 20th October, 1955 in conformity with the member's rate increase. If a member has property (apart from the home and certain other exemptions) exceeding in value £1,750 (£3,500 for a member and wife), that alone precludes payment of a pension. Pension is assessed according to the amount of income; if the income is less than the amount shown above, service pension is assessed at such rate as will, with that other income, bring the total income (including service pension) of the pensioner up to the "allowed income" provided that the pension cannot exceed the maximum rate specified for the particular class of case. If assessable property is held, then a deduction is made from the pension assessed according to income only, the deductions being made at 9d. per fortnight for each complete £10 of property in excess of £200 (or £400 in the case of member and wife). Half the combined income received and property possessed by man and wife is deemed to be income received and property possessed by each for Service pension purposes.

In 1936 female members of the forces were made eligible for consideration for service pensions if they embarked for service abroad; previously they must have served in a theatre of war. In the same year an institutional rate of service pension not exceeding 12s. per fortnight was made available. This pension rate, which benefits particularly inmates of mental hospitals, was £2 9s. per fortnight from 5th November, 1953, but was increased to £2 16s. per fortnight from 20th October, 1955.

Eligibility for service pensions may be established on the following grounds:-

- (a) Sixty years of age or more, provided the member served in a theatre of war, but eligibility on this ground applies only to the member and not to his wife or children. In the case of a female member of the forces, the qualifying age is 55 years, and service abroad, not necessarily in a theatre of war, is sufficient.
- (b) Permanently unemployable, provided the member served in a theatre of war (or, in the case of a female member, served abroad). Under this class pensions may be paid to the member, his wife and children up to four in number.
- (c) Pulmonary tuberculosis, whether the member served in a theatre of war or not. Under this class, also, pensions are payable to the wife and children up to four in number.

Only those members who qualify under Class (c) are entitled to receive both service and invalid pensions at the same time

From 1st November, 1941, service pensions were extended to veterans of the South African War 1899-1902, and in 1943 to members of the Forces of the 1939-45 War, and now also apply to members who served in the Korea and Malaya operations.

2. Operations, 1954-55.—The following table gives a summary relating to service pensions during 1954-55:—

## Claims granted during year-

36 6.0						_
Members of the	Forces	• •	• •	• •	• •	2,891
Wives	••	••		• •		845
Children	• •	• •	• •	••	٠.	326
Total	••	••	••			4,062
Claims rejected during	ng year-					
Members of the	Forces	••				737
Wives		••				415
Children	••	••	••	• •	••	240
Total	••					1,392
Service pensions can	celled or	discontin	ued duri	ing year		1,892
Deaths of pensioners	during	year		••		1,187
Pensions in force at	30th Jun	ie, 1955		••		22,316
Annual pension liabi	lity on 3	oth June.	1955			£3,126,321

3. Number of Service Pensioners and Amount Paid.—(i) Summary, Australia, 1945-46 to 1954-55. The following table shows the number of service pensions in force and the amount paid in pensions for the ten years 1945-46 to 1954-55:—

		N	Tumber of Sei	rvice Pension	ns in Force at	30th June-	•	1
Year ended		Age.	Age. Permanently Unemployable.			ng from Tuberculosis.		Amount Paid in
30th J	30th June— Mo		Members of Forces.	Depen- dants.	Members of Forces.	Depen- dants.	Total.	Pensions.
				·		1		£
1946		4,971	3,896	3,633	244	345	13,089	804,880
1947		5,894	4,312	3,657	254	358	14,475	904,120
1948		6,610	4,660	3,791	271	358	15,690	1,238,112
1949	••	7,070	4,613	3,699	271	365	16,018	1,328,955
1950	• •	7,448	4,608	3,598	299	385	16,338	1,431,687
1951		7,456	4,492	3,911	279	374	16,512	1,507,258
1952		7,587	4,561	4,270	269	389	17,076	1,778,380
1953		8,703	4,971	4,780	291	432	19,177	2,225,044
1954		9,648	5,294	5,092	321	451	20,806	2,694,522
1955	••	10,566	5,555	5,286	379	530	22,316	(a)

SERVICE PENSIONS: SUMMARY, AUSTRALIA.

(ii) Amount Paid and State where Paid. Details of the amounts paid in each State in respect of service pensions are no longer available. Particulars for the years 1949-50 to 1953-54 may be found on page 1017 of Official Year Book No. 41.

# § 4. Medical Treatment of Returned Soldiers Suffering from War Service Disabilities.

At 30th June, 1955 there were 4,663 in-patients in Repatriation medical institutions and State mental hospitals, including a number whose care was undertaken by the Repatriation Commission on behalf of other countries or Commonwealth Departments. There were 380,624 out-patient attendances for treatment during the year, excluding approximately 850,000 treatments by the 3,545 local medical officers resident in metropolitan and country areas and New Guinea. The expenditure to 30th June, 1955 was £72,091,315.

<sup>(</sup>a) Included with War pensions-see page 1055.

# § 5. General Benefits and Miscellaneous.

1. Other Departmental Activities.—(i) General. During the 1939-45 War, the ordinary activities of the Department in the way of general benefits for the welfare of members and dependants were carried on without interruption. They were mainly education and training of children under the Soldiers' Children Education Scheme, medical benefits for widows and children of deceased members and for widowed mothers of deceased unmarried members, funeral expenses for certain classes of members and dependants, and allowances to certain classes of dependants in lieu of pension.

By legislation passed in June, 1940, these benefits were extended to members engaged in the 1939-45 War and in November, 1950 to those engaged in the Korea and Malaya Operations and new benefits designed for the re-establishment of members after discharge from the Forces were made available. The re-establishment benefits administered by the Repatriation Commission are: -- payments of re-employment allowance while awaiting employment; provision of tools of trade and equipment where such are necessary to the member's employment; transportation expenses to meet the cost of fares and removal of household belongings, where a member, or member and family, takes up training, employment, or a business, or settles on the land; supplementation of wages of apprentices whose apprenticeships were interrupted by war service; re-establishment loans to enable members and widows to establish themselves in businesses, practices or other occupations, including (until the Division of War Service Land Settlement began operations early in 1946) agricultural occupations; payment of re-establishment allowance during the early stages of establishment in business; gifts up to £75 for furniture to members who are blinded or totally and permanently incapacitated, also to widows with children under 16 years of age; and free passages to Australia for wives, widows and children of members who married abroad (and passages outward from Australia in certain cases of members and dependants).

In 1949 the Commission took over the functions of the Re-establishment Division of the former Department of Post-war Reconstruction, and is responsible for the coordination of all matters relating to training under the Commonwealth Reconstruction Training Scheme. Re-establishment of the more seriously disabled where ordinary training is not sufficient continues to be a function of the Commission, and special means have to be found to overcome each problem.

(ii) Review of General Benefits. The following paragraph gives particulars of the more important general benefits for each war (those for Korea and Malaya Operations are included under the 1939-45 War) for the period from 8th April, 1918 to 30th June. 1955.

## (a) Employment-

1914-18 War: Number of applications, 251,200; Expenditure—sustenance while awaiting employment, £1,768,000; tools of trade and fares, etc. (gift), £554,000; tools of trade (loan), £21,800.

1939-45 War: The placing of members in employment was carried out by the Commission for only a short period prior to the inauguration of the Department of Labour and National Service, but the Commission has the responsibility of payment of re-employment allowance, provision of tools of trade and payment of fares and removal expenses. Number of cases and expenditure to 30th June, 1955 were as follows:—Re-employment allowances—67,275, £1,027,488; tools of trade (gift)—261,836,£1,896,987; (loan)—19,485, £293,406; fares and removal expenses. 16,741, £244,495.

## (b) Vocational Training-

1914-18 War: Number of members completed training in full-time courses, 27,696; expenditure, £4,849,600.

1939-45 War: Number of members completed training in fulltime re-establishment courses 57,239; number still in training, 806; expenditure, £50,257,064 An additional sum of £3,874,927 was expended on supplementation of apprentices wages.

## (c) Business Loans-

1914-18 War: 6,130, £421,800.

1939-45 War: 28,213, £7,626,067. Allowances pending productivity of business—1,451, £90,033, Fares and removal expenses to member proceeding to a business, £495.

### (d) Furniture Grants-

1914-18 War: Expenditure—gift (to members blinded or totally and permanently incapacitated and to widows), £75,190; loan (to other classes of members), £1,031,570; total number of cases, 35,400.

1939-45 War: Gift (no loan cases)—widows, 5,718, £397,586: members, 378, £23,405.

## (e) Free Passages-

1914-18 War: £509,120.

1939-45 War: To Australia—4,750, £310,893; from Australia—70, £10,466.

## (f) Soldiers' Children Education Scheme-

Main Scheme: Full-time training as from 12 years of age.

	1914–18 War.	1939-45 War.				
Applications			·		33,109	16,409
Approved	• •				31,441	16,231
Completed trai	ning				25,784	8,155
Withdrawn du	ring train	ing			4,101	691
Awaiting next	stage of	training			48	200
In training	• • •	٠.		••	1,509	7,184
Expenditure	• •			••	£4,757	,448

Minor benefits prior to entrance to main scheme: For all Wars, £98,345.

(iii) Total Expenditure on General Benefits. The total expenditure on general benefits. apart from war and service pensions, from 5th April, 1918 to 30th June, 1955, for all wars since 1914 was £111,891,074 (including loan £9,605,692). Of this total the largest amounts were absorbed by medical treatment with £72,091,315, vocational training with £8,800,780, and expenses in providing employment, £5,878,683.

2. Expenditure of Repatriation Commission, 1954-55.—The expenditure of the Commission for the year ended 30th June, 1955 was £59,625,416, distributed as follows:—

Repatriation benefi	ts—						£
Loans to member Grants to men		 d general	 expend	 liture (in	 cluding m	ain-	178,181
tenance of Assistance to n	_				. ,	••	11 <b>,53</b> 9 <b>,</b> 931 805
Total	••						11,718,917
Soldiers' Children E	Education	Scheme					368,876
War and Service Pe Administrative cost		••	••	••	••	£	a44 <b>,54</b> 8 <b>,</b> 113
Salaries	••				2,480	,984	
Contingencies	••	••	••	••	508	,526	
							<b>2,989,5</b> 10
Grand	d total	••	••	••	••		59,625,416

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Trust Fund adjustments.

<sup>3.</sup> Settlement of Returned Service Personnel on the Land.—Reference to the settlement on the land of returned service personnel will be found in Chapter IV.—Land Tenure and Settlement.